HUD may award PHA funding for a specified category of families on the waiting list. The PHA must use this funding only to assist the families within the specified category. In order to assist families within a targeted funding category, the PHA may skip families that do not qualify within the targeted funding category. Within this category of families, the order in which such families are assisted is determined according to the policies provided in Section 4-III.C.

## PHA Policy

The PHA administers the following types of targeted funding:

Mainstream for Person s with Disabilities (MS)

Non-Elderly Disabled (NED)

Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing (VASH)

Emergency Housing Voucher (EHV)

Mill Creek Project Based Voucher (MCPB)

## Regular HCV Funding

Regular HCV funding may be used to assist any eligible family on the waiting list. Families are selected from the waiting list according to the policies provided in Section 4-III.C.

#### 4-III.C. SELECTION METHOD

PHAs must describe the method for selecting applicant families from the waiting list, including the system of admission preferences that the PHA will use [24 CFR 982.202(d)].

# Local Preferences [24 CFR 982.207; HCV p. 4-16]

PHAs are permitted to establish local preferences, and to give priority to serving families that meet those criteria. HUD specifically authorizes and places restrictions on certain types of local preferences. HUD also permits the PHA to establish other local preferences, at its discretion. Any local preferences established must be consistent with the PHA plan and the consolidated plan and must be based on local housing needs and priorities that can be documented by generally accepted data sources.

PHA has established local preference, and each preference is equally weighted with the provision of one (1) additional point if applicant is eligible for the preference. Preference is not accumulative, so no applicant will receive more than one (1) point. Applicants, verified as qualifying for a preference, will receive a higher rank/priority on the wait list than those applicants that do not qualify for any preference will be ranked in order of date and time their complete application was submitted amongst other applicants that have also qualified for a preference.

## PHA Policy

Apart from exceptions allowed under targeted funding, families will be selected from the wait list following local preferences.

First priority given to continuously assisted families whose HCV, MS, NED, VASH EHV assistance provided by HADCO was terminated within the past 180 days due to insufficient funding or government sequestration.

Second priority given to all applicants determined eligible for local preference who are current residents of Douglas County, Oregon. Supporting documentation showing proof of Douglas County, Oregon residency will be required to receive preference.

# Income Targeting Requirement [24 CFR 982.201(b)(2)]

HUD requires that extremely low-income (ELI) families make up at least 75 percent of the families admitted to the HCV program during the PHA's fiscal year. ELI families are those with annual incomes at or below the federal poverty level or 30 percent of the area median income, whichever number is higher. To ensure this requirement is met, a PHA may skip non-ELI families on the waiting list in order to select an ELI family.

Low-income families admitted to the program that are "continuously assisted" under the 1937 Housing Act [24 CFR 982.4(b)], as well as low-income or moderate-income families admitted to the program that are displaced as a result of the prepayment of the mortgage or voluntary termination of an insurance contract on eligible low-income housing, are not counted for income targeting purposes [24 CFR 982.201(b)(2)(v)].

### PHA Policy

The PHA will monitor progress in meeting the income targeting requirement throughout the fiscal year. Extremely low-income families will be selected ahead of other eligible families on an as-needed basis to ensure the income targeting requirement is met.

#### Order of Selection

The PHA system of preferences may select families based on local preferences according to the date and time of application or by a random selection process (lottery) [24 CFR 982.207(c)]. If a PHA does not have enough funding to assist the family at the top of the waiting list, it is not permitted to skip down the waiting list to a family that it can afford to subsidize when there are not sufficient funds to subsidize the family at the top of the waiting list [24 CFR 982.204(d) and (e)].