

Housing Authority of Douglas County Annual Plan Amendment.

Amendment #1

The Housing Authority of Douglas County (HADCO) HADCO is amending page 3 of its 2025 Five Year Plan to withdraw their Streamlined Conversion of Low Rent Public Housing HUD Application and intends to resubmit under the Section 18/RAD Small PHA Blend Application requirements in 2025. HADCO currently has two asset management projects (AMPS). One AMP is called AMP#1 and labeled OR003000001 and includes all 107 units in the valley. The second AMP is called AMP#2 and is labeled OR003002007 and includes all 48 units in Reedsport. The existing wait list for the Low Rent Public Housing Program will be transferred over to the Section 8 program by date and time of application and by either Reedsport or Valley properties.

Prior to amending its 5-year plan, HADCO consulted with its Resident Advisory Board (RAB) regarding its intent to withdraw its Streamlined Conversion application and resubmit the conversion application under the Section 18/RAD Small PHA Blend. HADCO did not receive any comments or challenges from the RAB.

As a result, HADCO will be converting to Project Based Vouchers under the guidelines of H 2019-09/PIH 2019-23, REV-4 and any successor Notices. Upon conversion to Project Based Vouchers and RAD the Authority will adopt the resident rights, participation, waiting list and grievance procedures listed in Section 1.6 of H 2019-09/PIH 2019-23, REV-4; and H-2016-17/PIH-2016- 17; These resident rights, participation, waiting list and grievance procedures are appended to this Attachment. Additionally, HADCO certifies that it is currently compliant with all fair housing and civil rights requirements. HADCO's RAD conversion will comply with all applicable site selection and neighborhood reviews standards and all appropriate procedures have been and will continue to be followed.

RAD was designed by HUD to assist in addressing the capital needs of public housing by providing HADCO with access to private sources of capital to repair and preserve its affordable housing assets. Please be aware that upon conversion, the Authority's Capital Fund Budget will be reduced by the pro rata share of Public Housing Developments converted as part of the Demonstration.

Below, please find specific information related to the Public Housing Development(s) selected for the Section 18/RAD Blend Conversion.

Development #1

Rosewood Homes= 60 units Winston Gardens=16 units Nickle Mountain Homes= 8 units Oakland Terrace= 8 units Applegate Village=15 units	OR003000001	Section 18/RAD Blend	100 % of the units will be transferring assistance.
107 Units	Pre-Section 8/RAD Type= Family Units	Post- Pre-Section 8/RAD Unit Type =Family	The current and future Capital Fund Grant averaging \$584K will be reduced as a result of the project converting to Section 18/Blend. To the extent allowable by HUD, HADCO may use current operating and CFP funds for HAP payments during the initial year of conversion.
Bedroom Type	Number of Units Pre-Conversion=107	Number of Units Post-Conversion=107	No Change in Number of Units per Bedroom Type
	Current Unit Count	Proposed Unit Count	Total Unit Count
One Bedroom	25	25	25
Two Bedroom	46	46	46
Three Bedroom	30	30	30
Four Bedroom	6	6	6
Five Bedroom			
Six Bedroom			
	There will be no changes in the policies that govern eligibility, admission, selection, and occupancy of units at the project after it has been converted.		

Development #2

Three Rivers Villa=34 Rainbow Villa=14 units	OR003002007	Section 18/RAD Blend	100 % of the units will be transferring assistance.
48 Units	Pre-Section 8/RAD Type= Family Units	Post- Pre-Section 8/RAD Unit Type =Family	To the extent allowable by HUD, HADCO may use current operating and CFP funds for HAP payments during the initial year of conversion.
Bedroom Type	Number of Units Pre-Conversion=48	Number of Units Post-Conversion=48	No Change in Number of Units per Bedroom Type

	Current Unit Count	Proposed Unit Count	Total Unit Count
One Bedroom	20	20	20
Two Bedroom	12	12	12
Three Bedroom	14	14	14
Four Bedroom	2	2	2
	There will be no changes in in the policies that govern eligibility, admission, selection, and occupancy of units at the project after it has been converted.		

Resident Rights, Participation, Waiting List and Grievance Procedures

PBV Resident Rights and Participation.

- 1. No Rescreening of Tenants upon Conversion.** Pursuant to the RAD Statute, at conversion, current households cannot be excluded from occupancy at the Covered Project based on any rescreening, income eligibility, or income targeting. With respect to occupancy in the Covered Project, current households in the Converting Project will be grandfathered for application of any eligibility criteria to conditions that occurred prior to conversion but will be subject to any ongoing eligibility requirements for actions that occur after conversion.³⁴ Post-conversion, the tenure of

all residents of the Covered Project is protected pursuant to PBV requirements regarding continued occupancy unless explicitly modified in this Notice (e.g., rent phase-in provisions). For example, a unit with a household that was over-income at time of conversion would continue to be treated as an assisted unit. Thus, Section 8(o)(4) of the 1937 Act and 24 CFR § 982.201, concerning eligibility and targeting of tenants for initial occupancy, will not apply for current households. Once the grandfathered household moves out, the unit must be leased to an eligible family. MTW agencies may not alter this requirement. Further, so as to facilitate the right to return to the assisted property, HUD waives Section 8(o)(4) and 24 CFR § 982.201 to the extent necessary for this provision to apply to current public housing residents of the Converting Project that will reside in non-RAD PBV units or non-RAD PBRA units placed in a project that contain RAD PBV units or RAD PBRA units. Such families and such contract units will otherwise be subject to all requirements of the applicable program, specifically 24 CFR Part 983 for non-RAD PBV units and the PBRA requirements governing the applicable contract for non-RAD PBRA units.

2. **Right to Return.** See Section 1.4.A.5.b. and the RAD Fair Housing, Civil Rights, and Relocation Notice regarding a resident's right to return. To facilitate the uniform treatment of residents and units at a Covered Project, any non-RAD PBV units located in the same Covered Project shall be subject to the terms of this provision.
3. **Phase-in of Tenant Rent Increases.** If, purely as a result of conversion, the amount a tenant would pay for rent and utilities under the PBV program (the tenant's TTP) would increase the tenant's TTP by more than the greater of 10 percent or \$25, the rent increase will be phased in over 3 or 5 years. To implement this provision, HUD is specifying alternative requirements for section 3(a)(1) of the Act, as well as 24 CFR § 983.3 (definition of "total tenant payment" (TTP)) to the extent necessary to allow for the phase-in of tenant rent increases. A PHA must create a policy setting the length of the phase-in period at three years, five years or a combination depending on circumstances and must communicate such policy in writing to affected residents. For example, a PHA may create a policy that uses a three year phase-in for smaller increases in rent and a five year phase-in for larger increases in rent. This policy must be in place at conversion and may not be modified after conversion.

The method described below explains the set percentage-based phase-in a Project Owner must follow according to the phase-in period established. For purposes of this section "Calculated PBV TTP" refers to the TTP calculated in accordance with regulations at 24 CFR §5.628 and the "most recently paid TTP" refers to the TTP recorded on line 9j of the family's most recent HUD Form 50058. If a family in a project converting from Public Housing to PBV was paying a flat rent immediately prior to conversion, the PHA should use the flat rent amount to calculate the phase-in amount for Year 1 (the first recertification following conversion), as illustrated below.

Three Year Phase-in:

- Year 1: Any recertification (interim or annual) performed prior to the second annual recertification after conversion – 33% of difference between most recently paid TTP or flat rent and the Calculated PBV TTP
- Year 2: Year 2 Annual Recertification (AR) and any Interim Recertification (IR) prior to Year 3 AR – 50% of difference between most recently paid TTP and the Calculated PBV TTP
- Year 3: Year 3 AR and all subsequent recertifications – Full Calculated PBV TTP³⁵

Five Year Phase in:

- Year 1: Any recertification (interim or annual) performed prior to the second annual recertification after conversion – 20% of difference between most recently paid TTP or flat rent and the Calculated PBV TTP
- Year 2: Year 2 AR and any IR prior to Year 3 AR – 25% of difference between most recently paid TTP and the Calculated PBV TTP
- Year 3: Year 3 AR and any IR prior to Year 4 AR – 33% of difference between most recently paid TTP and the Calculated PBV TTP
- Year 4: Year 4 AR and any IR prior to Year 5 AR – 50% of difference between most recently paid TTP and the Calculated PBV TTP
- Year 5 AR and all subsequent recertifications – Full Calculated PBV TTP

Please Note: In either the three year phase-in or the five-year phase-in, once the Calculated PBV TTP is equal to or less than the previous TTP, the phase-in ends and tenants will pay full TTP from that point forward. MTW agencies must also implement a three or five-year phase-in for impacted residents, but may alter the terms above as long as it establishes a written policy setting forth the alternative terms. To facilitate the uniform treatment of residents and units at a Covered Project, any non-RAD PBV units located in the same Covered Project shall be subject to the terms of this provision.

4. **Family Self Sufficiency (FSS) and Resident Opportunities and Self Sufficiency Service Coordinator (ROSS-SC) programs.** Public Housing residents that are currently FSS participants will continue to participate in the PHA's FSS program. The PHA may continue to use any FSS funds already awarded to serve those FSS participants who live in units converted by RAD. At the completion of the FSS grant, PHAs should follow the normal closeout procedures outlined in the grant agreement. If the PHA continues to run an FSS program that serves PH and/or HCV participants, the PHA will continue to be eligible (subject to NOFA requirements) to apply for FSS funding. Due to the program merger between PH FSS and HCV FSS that took place pursuant to the FY14 Appropriations Act (and was continued in the subsequent

Appropriation Acts), no special provisions are required to continue serving FSS participants that live in public housing units converting to PBV under RAD.

However, PHAs should note that until provisions of the Economic Growth, Regulatory Relief, and Consumer Protection Act are implemented, there are certain FSS requirements (e.g., escrow calculation and escrow forfeitures) that apply differently depending on whether the FSS participant is a participant under the HCV program or a public housing resident, and PHAs must follow such requirements accordingly. All PHAs will be required to administer the FSS program in accordance with FSS regulations at 24 CFR part 984 (current, or as amended), the participants' contracts of participation, and the alternative requirements established in the "Waivers and Alternative Requirements for the FSS Program" Federal Register notice, published on December 29, 2014, at 79 FR 78100.³⁶ Further, upon conversion to PBV, if the PHA no longer has a public housing program, funds already escrowed for FSS participants shall be transferred into the HCV escrow account and be considered TBRA funds, thus reverting to the HAP account if forfeited by the FSS participant.³⁷

For information on FSS PIC reporting requirements for RAD conversions, see Notice PIH 2016-08 at <http://portal.hud.gov/hudportal/documents/huddoc?id=pih2016-08.pdf>.

Current ROSS-SC grantees will be able to finish out their current ROSS-SC grants once their housing is converted under RAD. However, once the property is converted, it will no longer be eligible to be counted towards the unit count for future ROSS-SC grants, nor will its residents be eligible to be served by future ROSS-SC grants, which, by statute, can only serve public housing residents. At the completion of the ROSS-SC grant, PHAs should follow the normal closeout procedures outlined in the grant agreement. Please note that ROSS-SC grantees may be a non-profit or local Resident Association and this consequence of a RAD conversion may impact those entities. To facilitate the uniform treatment of residents and units at a Covered Project, any non-RAD PBV units located in the same Covered Project shall be subject to the terms of this provision.

5. **Resident Participation and Funding.** In accordance with Attachment 1B, residents of Covered Projects with assistance converted to PBV will have the right to establish and operate a resident organization for the purpose of addressing issues related to their living environment and be eligible for resident participation funding. To facilitate the uniform treatment of residents and units at a Covered Project, any non-RAD PBV units located in the same Covered Project shall be subject to the terms of this provision.
6. **Resident Procedural Rights.** The following items must be incorporated into both the Section 8 Administrative Plan and the Project Owner's lease, which includes the

required tenancy addendum (HUD Form 52530-c), as appropriate. Evidence of such incorporation may be requested by HUD for purposes of monitoring the program.

- a. **Termination Notification.** HUD is incorporating additional termination notification requirements to comply with section 6 of the Act for public housing projects that convert assistance under RAD and to non-RAD PBV units located at the Covered Project. In addition to the regulations at 24 CFR § 983.257 related to Project Owner termination of tenancy and eviction (which MTW agencies may not alter), the termination procedure for RAD conversions to PBV will require that PHAs provide adequate written notice of termination of the lease which shall be :
 - i. A reasonable period of time, but not to exceed 30 days:
 1. If the health or safety of other tenants, Project Owner employees, or persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises is threatened; or
 2. In the event of any drug-related or violent criminal activity or any felony conviction;
 - ii. Not less than 14 days in the case of nonpayment of rent; and
 - iii. Not less than 30 days in any other case, except that if a State or local law provides for a shorter period of time, such shorter period shall apply.
- b. **Grievance Process.** Pursuant to requirements in the RAD Statute, HUD is establishing additional resident procedural rights to comply with section 6 of the Act.

For the termination of assistance and several other PHA determinations, PBV program rules require the PHA to provide an opportunity for an informal hearing, as outlined in 24 CFR § 982.555. RAD will specify alternative requirements for 24 CFR § 982.555(b) in part, which outlines when informal hearings are not required, to require that:

- i. In addition to reasons that require an opportunity for an informal hearing given in 24 CFR § 982.555(a)(1)(i)-(v),³⁸ an opportunity for an informal hearing must be given to residents for any dispute that a resident may have with respect to a Project Owner action in accordance with the individual's lease or the contract administrator in accordance with RAD PBV requirements that adversely affect the resident's rights, obligations, welfare, or status.
 1. For any hearing required under 24 CFR § 982.555(a)(1)(i)-(v), the contract administrator will perform the hearing, as is the current standard in the program. The hearing officer must be selected in

accordance with 24 CFR § 982.555(e)(4)(i).

2. For any additional hearings required under RAD, the Project Owner will perform the hearing.
 - ii. There is no right to an informal hearing for class grievances or to disputes between residents not involving the Project Owner or Contract Administrator.
 - iii. The Project Owner gives residents notice of their ability to request an informal hearing as outlined in 24 CFR § 982.555(c)(1) for informal hearings that will address circumstances that fall outside of the scope of 24 CFR § 982.555(a)(1)(i)-(vi).
 - iv. The Project Owner provides opportunity for an informal hearing before an eviction.

Current PBV program rules require that hearing procedures must be outlined in the PHA's Section 8 Administrative Plan.

To facilitate the uniform treatment of residents and units at a Covered Project, any non-RAD PBV units located in the same Covered Project shall be subject to the terms of this provision.

7. **Earned Income Disregard (EID).** Tenants who are employed and are currently receiving the EID exclusion at the time of conversion will continue to receive the EID after conversion, in accordance with regulations at 24 CFR § 5.617. Upon the expiration of the EID for such families, the rent adjustment shall not be subject to rent phase-in, as described in Section 1.6.C.4; instead, the rent will automatically rise to the appropriate rent level based upon tenant income at that time.

Under the Housing Choice Voucher program, the EID exclusion is limited only to persons with disabilities (24 CFR § 5.617(b)). In order to allow all tenants (including non-disabled persons) who are employed and currently receiving the EID at the time of conversion to continue to benefit from this exclusion in the PBV project, the provision in 24 CFR § 5.617(b) limiting EID to disabled persons is waived. The waiver, and resulting alternative requirement, apply only to tenants receiving the EID at the time of conversion. No other tenant (e.g., tenants that move into the property following conversion or tenants who at one time received the EID but are not receiving the EID exclusion at the time of conversion due to loss of employment) is covered by this waiver. To facilitate the uniform treatment of residents and units at a Covered Project, any non-RAD PBV units located in the same Covered Project shall be subject to the terms of this provision.

8. **Jobs Plus.** Jobs Plus grantees awarded FY14 and future funds that convert the Jobs Plus target projects(s) under RAD will be able to finish out their Jobs Plus period of performance unless significant relocation and/or change in building occupancy is planned. If either is planned at the Jobs Plus target project(s), HUD may allow for a modification of the Jobs Plus work plan or may, at the Secretary's discretion, choose to end the Jobs Plus program at that project. If the program is continued, the Project Owner must agree to continue to implement the program according to HUD's program requirements. Jobs Plus target public housing projects must enroll public housing residents into the Jobs Plus rent incentive, JPEID, prior to conversion. Any resident of the Covered Project that had not enrolled prior to conversion is not eligible to enroll in JPEID but may utilize Jobs Plus services that predominantly benefit the former public housing residents who resided at the target project at the time of RAD conversion. To facilitate the uniform treatment of residents and units at a Covered

Project, any non-RAD PBV units located in the Covered Project may voluntarily utilize Jobs Plus services that predominantly benefit the former public housing residents who resided at the target project at the time of RAD conversion.

9. **Total Tenant Payment Exceeds Gross Rent.** Under normal PBV rules, the PHA may select an occupied unit to be included under the PBV HAP Contract only if the unit's occupants are eligible for housing assistance payments (24 CFR § 983.53(c)). Also, a PHA must remove a unit from the HAP Contract when no assistance has been paid for 180 days because the family's TTP has risen to a level that is equal to or greater than the Gross Rent. (24 CFR § 983.258 and § 983.211).

Pre-Conversion Residents. Since the rent limitation under this Section of the Notice may result in current residents having TTPs that exceed the Gross Rent, 24 CFR §983.53(c) does not apply in order to provide RAD PBV assistance to residents who were living in the Converting Project prior to conversion. As necessary to further implement the alternative requirements described below, HUD is waiving 24 CFR §983.258 and §983.211, as well as the provisions of Section 8(o)(13)(H) of the Act and the implementing regulations at 24 CFR § 983.301 as modified by Section 1.6.B.5 of this Notice.

HUD is establishing an alternative requirement that the unit for a family with a TTP that equals or exceeds Gross Rent must be placed on the PBV HAP Contract and the family shall be admitted to the PBV program. In such cases the resident is considered a participant under the PBV program and all the family obligations and protections under RAD and PBV apply to the resident.

During any period when the family's TTP is equal to or above the Gross Rent, the zero-HAP family will pay an alternate rent to owner that is the lower of:

- a. the family's TTP less the Utility Allowance, subject to any required phase-in pursuant to Section 1.6.C.3 of this Notice; or
- b. the Zero-HAP Rent Cap, which is the lower of either:
 - i. 110% of the applicable FMR less the Utility Allowance; or
 - ii. In the event the units are subject to more restrictive rent setting requirements under the LIHTC or HOME programs, or other programs approved by HUD on a project-specific basis, the rent to owner set to comply with such requirements.

During any period that the family's TTP falls below the Gross Rent, the normal PBV requirements apply and the family would pay 30% of adjusted income, less utility allowance.

After a family has paid the Zero-HAP Rent Cap as set by this Section for a period of

180 days, the PHA shall remove the unit from the HAP Contract and the family's participation in the PBV program ends.³⁹ If the Covered Project is fully assisted and the family subsequently leaves the property, the PHA must reinstate the unit back onto the HAP Contract and admit an eligible family. If the Covered Project is partially assisted and the family subsequently leaves the property, the unit must be reinstated back onto the HAP Contract unless the PHA previously substituted a different unit on the HAP Contract in accordance with 24 CFR § 983.207 or, where "floating units" have been permitted, Section 1.6.B.10 of the Notice.

Additionally, if the family continues to reside in the project after the family's unit was removed from the HAP Contract, the family may request to return to the PBV program if the family's income subsequently decreases to the extent that the family's TTP is less than the Zero-HAP Rent Cap set by this section and the family is otherwise eligible for PBV assistance. The PHA shall, at the earliest opportunity^{4B-8}, reinstate the family's unit back onto the HAP Contract to provide rental assistance to the family. All PBV requirements with respect to the unit, such as compliance with HQS, apply while the unit is under the HAP Contract or added back to the HAP Contract.

New Admission Families. Unless a PHA requests and receives the waiver described below, any new admission to the Covered Project must meet the eligibility requirements at 24 CFR § 982.201 and require a subsidy payment at admission to the PBV program, which means the family's TTP may not equal or exceed the Gross Rent for the unit at that time. Furthermore, a PHA must remove a new admission family's unit from the PBV HAP Contract when no assistance has been paid for 180 days because a new admission family's TTP subsequently increased to equal or exceed the Gross Rent. However, HUD is imposing an alternative requirement in such cases. If the project is fully assisted and the family subsequently leaves the property, the PHA must reinstate the unit on the HAP Contract and admit an eligible family. If the project is partially assisted, the PHA may substitute a different unit for the unit on the HAP Contract in accordance with 24 CFR § 983.207 or, where "floating units" have been permitted, Section 1.6.B.10 of the Notice.

In circumstances where low RAD PBV rents may prohibit a significant number of otherwise eligible families on the waiting list from being admitted to the project because they do not require subsidy, and which could consequently create an undue concentration of poverty at the project compared to non-RAD PBV projects, a PHA may request a waiver of 24 CFR §§983.53(c), 983.259, 983.211, and 983.301 from HUD for the Covered Project. The waiver will apply the alternative requirements applicable to the pre-conversion residents in this Section to new admission families.

The PHA may request the waiver during the RAD conversion process or may

subsequently request the waiver any time after the effective date of the HAP Contract. In order for the waiver to be approved, the PHA must demonstrate that based on the RAD rent calculated in accordance with Attachment 1C, the monthly two-bedroom RAD Gross Rent is less than: 30% of the monthly income of a family of four at the midpoint between the Very Low Income (VLI) HUD Income Limit and Extremely Low Income (ELI) HUD Income Limit for the area in which the Covered Project is located.

For waivers submitted during the conversion process, the Office of Recapitalization may grant the waiver after review of the Financing Plan and confirmation that the RAD rents meet the waiver rent threshold described above.^{4B-9} The Office of Recapitalization shall document the waiver by adding an additional provision to the RCC before closing. For waivers submitted after the effective date of the HAP Contract, the waiver is submitted through the normal waiver process outlined in Notice PIH 2018-16 (or any successor notice). In both cases, the approved waiver will be for the initial term of the PBV HAP Contract.

If the waiver is approved, the new admission families covered under the waiver are participants under the PBV program, all the family obligations and protections under RAD and PBV apply to the family, the RAD PBV families shall be subject to the same alternative requirements applicable to the pre-conversion residents under this Section, and the unit is subject to all PBV program requirements, as modified by this Notice.

Further, Covered Projects that receive the waiver shall be subject to an alternative income targeting requirement that at least 75% of new admissions to the PBV units (both RAD and non-RAD PBV units) in the Covered Project in any PHA fiscal year are ELI families.^{4B-10} If there are less than four new admissions to the Covered Project in a PHA fiscal year, the income targeting is determined by combining the new admissions for that fiscal year with the new admissions for the subsequent fiscal year (or years) until the combined total of new admissions equals or exceeds four for those consecutive fiscal years.^{4B-11}

- 10. Under-Occupied Unit.** If a family is in an under-occupied unit under 24 CFR § 983.260 at the time of conversion, the family may remain in this unit until an appropriate-sized unit becomes available in the Covered Project. When an appropriate sized unit becomes available in the Covered Project, the family living in the under-occupied unit must move to the appropriate-sized unit within a reasonable period of time, as determined by the administering Voucher Agency. In order to allow the family to remain in the under-occupied unit until an appropriate-sized unit becomes available in the Covered Project, 24 CFR § 983.260 is waived for current residents remaining or returning to the Covered Project. MTW agencies may not modify this

requirement. To facilitate the uniform treatment of residents and units at a Covered Project, any non-RAD PBV units located in the same Covered Project shall be subject to the terms of this provision.

D. PBV: Other Miscellaneous Provisions

- 1. Access to Records, Including Requests for Information Related to Evaluation of Demonstration.** PHAs and the Project Owner must cooperate with any reasonable HUD request for data to support program evaluation, including but not limited to project financial statements, operating data, Choice-Mobility utilization, and rehabilitation work. Please see Appendix IV for reporting units in Form HUD-50058.
- 2. Ongoing PHA Board Review of Operating Budget.** The Owner must submit to the administering PHA's Board the operating budget for the Covered Project annually. The PHA's Board must confirm that the Project Owner is making deposits into the Reserve for Replacement account in accordance with the RCC as well as assess the financial health of the Covered Project.⁴⁰
- 3. Davis-Bacon Act and Section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 (Section 3).** These sections have been moved to 1.4.A.13 and 1.4.A.14.
- 4. Establishment of Waiting List.** 24 CFR § 983.251 sets out PBV program requirements related to establishing and maintaining a voucher-wide, PBV program-wide, or site-based waiting list from which residents for the Covered Project will be admitted. These provisions shall apply unless the project is covered by a remedial order or agreement that specifies the type of waiting list and other waiting list policies. The PHA shall consider the best means to transition applicants from the current public housing waiting list, including:
 - a. Transferring an existing site-based waiting list to a new site-based waiting list.
 - b. Transferring an existing site-based waiting list to a PBV program-wide or HCV program-wide waiting list.
 - c. Transferring an existing community-wide public housing waiting list to a PBV program-wide or HCV program-wide waiting list, an option particularly relevant for PHAs converting their entire portfolio under RAD.
 - d. Informing applicants on a community-wide public housing waiting list how to transfer their application to one or more newly created site-based waiting lists.

For any applicants on the public housing waiting list that are likely to be ineligible for admission to a Covered Project converting to PBV because the household's TTP is

likely to exceed the RAD gross rent, the PHA shall consider transferring such household, consistent with program requirements for administration of waiting lists, to the PHA's remaining public housing waiting list(s) or to another voucher waiting list, in addition to transferring such household to the waiting list for the Covered Project.

To the extent any wait list relies on the date and time of application, the applicants shall have priority on the wait list(s) to which their application was transferred in accordance with the date and time of their application to the original waiting list.

If the PHA is transferring assistance to another neighborhood and, as a result of the transfer of the waiting list, the applicant would only be eligible for a unit in a location which is materially different from the location to which the applicant applied, the PHA must notify applicants on the waiting list of the transfer of assistance, and on how they can apply for residency at other sites.

If using a site-based waiting list, PHAs shall establish a waiting list in accordance with 24 CFR § 903.7(b)(2)(ii)-(iv) to ensure that applicants on the PHA's public housing community-wide waiting list have been offered placement on the Covered Project's initial waiting list. In all cases, PHAs have the discretion to determine the most appropriate means of informing applicants on the public housing community-wide waiting list given the number of applicants, PHA resources, and admissions requirements of the projects being converted under RAD. A PHA may consider contacting every applicant on the public housing waiting list via direct mailing; advertising the availability of housing to the population that is less likely to apply, both minority and non-minority groups, through various forms of media (e.g., radio stations, posters, newspapers) within the marketing area; informing local non-profit entities and advocacy groups (e.g., disability rights groups); and conducting other outreach as appropriate. Any activities to contact applicants on the public housing waiting list must be conducted in accordance with the requirements for effective communication with persons with disabilities at 24 CFR § 8.6 and with the obligation to provide meaningful access for persons with limited English proficiency (LEP).⁴¹

When using a site-based waiting list, PHAs should consider waiting list and transfer policies that expand opportunities for tenants seeking an emergency transfer under, or

consistent with, the PHA's Emergency Transfer Plan. This includes allowing for easier moves between assisted properties.

To implement this provision, HUD is specifying alternative requirements for 24 CFR § 983.251(c)(2). However, after the initial waiting list has been established, the PHA shall administer its waiting list for the Covered Project in accordance with 24 CFR § 983.251(c). To facilitate the uniform treatment of residents and units at a Covered Project, any non-RAD PBV units located in the same Covered Project shall be subject to the terms of this provision.

A PHA must maintain any site-based waiting list in accordance with all applicable civil rights and fair housing laws and regulations.

5. **Mandatory Insurance Coverage.** The Covered Project shall maintain at all times commercially available property and liability insurance to protect the project from financial loss and, to the extent insurance proceeds permit, promptly restore, reconstruct, and/or repair any damaged or destroyed project property.
6. **Future Refinancing.** Project Owners must receive HUD approval for any refinancing or restructuring of secured debt during the HAP Contract term to ensure the financing is consistent with long-term preservation of the Covered Project. With respect to any financing contemplated at the time of conversion (including any permanent financing which is a conversion or take-out of construction financing), such consent may be evidenced through the RCC but HUD review of liens must be performed prior to execution.
7. **Administrative Fees for Public Housing Conversions During the Year of Conversion.** For the remainder of the Calendar Year in which the HAP Contract becomes effective (i.e., the "year of conversion"), RAD PBV projects will be funded with public housing funds. For example, if the project's assistance converts effective July 1, 2015, the public housing ACC between the PHA and HUD will be amended to reflect the number of units under HAP Contract, but will be for zero dollars, and the RAD PBV HAP Contract will be funded with public housing money for July through December 2015. Since TBRA is not the source of funds, PHAs should not report leasing and expenses into VMS during this period, and PHAs will not receive section 8 administrative fee funding for converted units during this time.

PHAs operating an HCV program typically receive administrative fees for units under a HAP Contract, consistent with recent appropriation act references to "section 8(q) of the [United States Housing Act of 1937] and related appropriations act provisions

in effect immediately before the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998" and 24 CFR § 982.152(b). During the year of conversion mentioned in the preceding paragraph, these provisions are waived. PHAs will not receive Section 8 administrative fees for PBV RAD units during the year of conversion.

After the year of conversion, the Section 8 ACC will be amended to include Section 8 funding that corresponds to the units covered by the Section 8 ACC. At that time, the regular Section 8 administrative fee funding provisions will apply.

8. **Choice-Mobility.** One of the key features of the PBV program is the mobility component, which provides that if the family has elected to terminate the assisted lease at any time after the first year of occupancy in accordance with program requirements, the PHA must offer the family the opportunity for continued tenant-based rental assistance, in the form of either assistance under the voucher program or other comparable tenant-based rental assistance.

If as a result of participation in RAD a significant percentage of the PHA's HCV program becomes PBV assistance, it is possible for most or all of a PHA's turnover vouchers to be used to assist those RAD PBV families who wish to exercise mobility. While HUD is committed to ensuring mobility remains a cornerstone of RAD policy, HUD recognizes that it remains important for the PHA to still be able to use tenant-based vouchers to address the specific housing needs and priorities of the community. Therefore, HUD is establishing the following alternative requirement for PHAs where, as a result of RAD, the total number of PBV units (including RAD PBV units) under HAP Contract administered by the PHA exceeds 20 percent of the PHA's authorized units under its HCV ACC with HUD: The alternative mobility policy provides that an eligible voucher agency would not be required to provide more than three-quarters of its turnover vouchers in any single year to the residents of Covered Projects. While a voucher agency is not required to establish a voucher inventory turnover cap, if such a cap is implemented, the voucher agency must create and maintain a waiting list in the order in which the requests from eligible households were received. In order to adopt this provision, this alternative mobility policy must be included in an eligible PHA's administrative plan.

To effectuate this provision, HUD is providing an alternative requirement to Section 8(o)(13)(E) of the Act and 24 CFR § 983.261(c). Please note that this alternative requirement does not apply to PBVs entered into outside of the context of RAD . MTW agencies may not alter this requirement.

- 9. Reserve for Replacement.** The Project Owner shall establish and maintain a replacement reserve in an interest-bearing account to aid in funding extraordinary maintenance and repair and replacement of capital items in accordance with applicable regulations. The reserve must be built up to and maintained at a level determined by HUD to be sufficient to meet projected requirements. For FHA transactions, Replacement Reserves shall be maintained in accordance with the FHA Regulatory Agreement. For all other transactions, Replacement Reserves shall be maintained in a bank account or similar instrument, as approved by HUD, where funds will be held by the Project Owner or mortgagee and may be drawn from the reserve account and used subject to HUD guidelines.
- 10. Initial Certifications and Tenant Rent Calculations.** The Contract Administrator uses the family's public housing tenant rent (reflected on line 10f of the family's most recent HUD Form 50058) at the date of the conversion to calculate the PBV HAP and tenant rent until the effective date of the earlier of the family's first regular or interim recertification following the date of conversion. At the earlier of the family's first regular or interim recertification, the Contract Administrator will use the family's TTP based on the recertification and the HCV utility allowance (or the PBV site-specific utility allowance, if applicable) to determine the PBV HAP and tenant rent. This means that the family pays the same tenant rent as the family was paying under the public housing program until the earlier of first regular or interim reexamination following conversion, at which point the normally applicable PBV calculation for the tenant rent becomes effective. (Under the PBV program, the monthly HAP is the rent to owner minus the tenant rent, and the tenant rent is the family TTP minus the utility allowance.) To facilitate the uniform treatment of residents and units at a Covered Project, any non-RAD PBV units located in the same property as the Covered Project shall be subject to the terms of this provision. To effectuate this provision, HUD is waiving 24 CFR 5.601 and 983.3(c)(6)(iii).

1.

Amendment #2- LRPH Security Deposit Increase

The second amendment will increase the public housing security deposit amounts and change the security deposit payment options for all new admissions to public housing. This change will not impact current public housing participants. The current and proposed new security deposit amounts, as well as the payment options, are below. The new security deposit amounts are based on 80% of HUD's 2025 fair market rents for Douglas County by bedroom size. Additionally, we will no longer offer security deposit payment agreements to new tenants. Instead, a tenant must either pay 100% of the security deposit at move-in or show financial hardship and be approved for a payment agreement.

	Current Security Deposit	Proposed Security Deposit
1 bedroom	\$300.00	\$700.00
2 bedrooms	\$400.00	\$900.00
3 bedrooms	\$500.00	\$1,300.00
4 bedrooms	\$700.00	\$1,500.00
Payment Plan	\$100 down and \$100/month	100% paid at move-in
Hardship Plan	n/a	50% down at move-in and the balance paid by month three

Current Approved Annual Plan Submitted to
HUD in January 2025.

Streamlined Annual PHA Plan <i>(High Performer PHAs)</i>	U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Office of Public and Indian Housing	OMB No. 2577-0226 Expires 03/31/2024
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Purpose. The 5-Year and Annual PHA Plans provide a ready source for interested parties to locate basic PHA policies, rules, and requirements concerning the PHA's operations, programs, and services, including changes to these policies, and informs HUD, families served by the PHA, and members of the public of the PHA's mission, goals and objectives for serving the needs of low- income, very low- income, and extremely low- income families

Applicability. The Form HUD-50075-HP is to be completed annually by **High Performing PHAs**. PHAs that meet the definition of a Standard PHA, Troubled PHA, HCV-Only PHA, Small PHA, or Qualified PHA do not need to submit this form.

Definitions.

- (1) **High-Performer PHA** – A PHA that owns or manages more than 550 combined public housing units and housing choice vouchers and was designated as a high performer on both the most recent Public Housing Assessment System (PHAS) and Section Eight Management Assessment Program (SEMAP) assessments.
- (2) **Small PHA** - A PHA that is not designated as PHAS or SEMAP troubled, and that owns or manages less than 250 public housing units and any number of vouchers where the total combined units exceed 550.
- (3) **Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) Only PHA** - A PHA that administers more than 550 HCVs, was not designated as troubled in its most recent SEMAP assessment and does not own or manage public housing.
- (4) **Standard PHA** - A PHA that owns or manages 250 or more public housing units and any number of vouchers where the total combined units exceed 550, and that was designated as a standard performer in the most recent PHAS or SEMAP assessments.
- (5) **Troubled PHA** - A PHA that achieves an overall PHAS or SEMAP score of less than 60 percent.
- (6) **Qualified PHA** - A PHA with 550 or fewer public housing dwelling units and/or housing choice vouchers combined and is not PHAS or SEMAP troubled.

A. PHA Information.					
A.1	PHA Name: <u>The Housing Authority of Douglas County, Oregon</u> PHA Code: <u>OR003</u> PHA Type: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High Performer PHA Plan for Fiscal Year Beginning: (MM/YYYY): <u>04/2025</u> PHA Inventory (Based on Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) units at time of FY beginning, above) Number of Public Housing (PH) Units <u>155</u> Number of Housing Choice Vouchers (HCVs) <u>874</u> Total Combined <u>1029</u> PHA Plan Submission Type: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Annual Submission <input type="checkbox"/> Revised Annual Submission				
	Availability of Information. In addition to the items listed in this form, PHAs must have the elements listed below readily available to the public. A PHA must identify the specific location(s) where the proposed PHA Plan, PHA Plan Elements, and all information relevant to the public hearing and proposed PHA Plan are available for inspection by the public. Additionally, the PHA must provide information on how the public may reasonably obtain additional information of the PHA policies contained in the standard Annual Plan but excluded from their streamlined submissions. At a minimum, PHAs must post PHA Plans, including updates, at each Asset Management Project (AMP) and main office or central office of the PHA. PHAs are strongly encouraged to post complete PHA Plans on their official website. PHAs are also encouraged to provide each resident council a copy of their PHA Plans. Housing Authority Administration Office located at 1000 W. Stanton Street, Roseburg, OR 97471, City of Roseburg Public Library located at 1409 NE Diamond Blvd, Roseburg, OR 97470, Reedsport Public Library located at 395 Winchester St, Reedsport, OR 97457 and on HADCO's website at www.hadcor.org				
<input type="checkbox"/> PHA Consortia: (Check box if submitting a Joint PHA Plan and complete table below)					
Lead PHA:	Participating PHAs	PHA Code	Program(s) in the Consortia	Program(s) not in the Consortia	No. of Units in Each Program
					PH HCV

B. Plan Elements	
B.1	<p>Revision of Existing PHA Plan Elements.</p> <p>(a) Have the following PHA Plan elements been revised by the PHA since its last <u>Annual PHA Plan</u> submission?</p> <p>Y N</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Statement of Housing Needs and Strategy for Addressing Housing Needs.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Deconcentration and Other Policies that Govern Eligibility, Selection, and Admissions.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Financial Resources.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rent Determination.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Homeownership Programs.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Safety and Crime Prevention.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pet Policy.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Substantial Deviation.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Significant Amendment/Modification</p> <p>(b) If the PHA answered yes for any element, describe the revisions for each element below:</p> <p>(c) The PHA must submit its Deconcentration Policy for Field Office Review.</p>
B.2	<p>New Activities.</p> <p>(a) Does the PHA intend to undertake any new activities related to the following in the PHA's current Fiscal Year?</p> <p>Y N</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hope VI or Choice Neighborhoods.</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Mixed Finance Modernization or Development.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Demolition and/or Disposition.</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Conversion of Public Housing to Tenant Based Assistance.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Conversion of Public Housing to Project-Based Rental Assistance or Project-Based Vouchers under RAD.</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Project Based Vouchers.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Units with Approved Vacancies for Modernization.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other Capital Grant Programs (i.e., Capital Fund Community Facilities Grants or Emergency Safety and Security Grants).</p> <p>(b) If any of these activities are planned for the current Fiscal Year, describe the activities. For new demolition activities, describe any public housing development or portion thereof, owned by the PHA for which the PHA has applied or will apply for demolition and/or disposition approval under section 18 of the 1937 Act under the separate demolition/disposition approval process. If using Project-Based Vouchers (PBVs), provide the projected number of project-based units and general locations, and describe how project basing would be consistent with the PHA Plan.</p> <p>Project base VASH Vouchers at Eagle Landing- Convert 54 Family Choice Project Based Vouchers to VASH Project Based Vouchers at Eagle Landing. Twenty two vouchers have been converted. The remaining conversion will occur as units become vacant and are able to lease to chronically homeless Veterans.</p> <p>Development of affordable housing</p> <p>Develop affordable housing on available land currently behind the Myers Activity Center in Roseburg, OR. The land is currently undeveloped land included in the Public Housing ACC contract. HADCO intends to request a boundary line adjustment and dispose of the land pursuant to PIH 2016-20 to a LLC with HADCO as the general partner. HADCO intends to pursue funding for a four story apartment complex that will provide 50-60 dwelling units. HADCO intends to project base 25 family choice vouchers, 25 vouchers for the homeless and 10 vouchers for supportive services per the exception category outlined in PIH 2017 21. Feasibility study and research for funding is underway</p>

Streamlined Voluntary Conversion of Public Housing to Section 8 Voucher Program.
HADCO intends to resubmit their HUD application for converting the Low Rent Public Housing Program to Section 8 vouchers.
This conversion would transfer all public housing assistance to Section 8 voucher assistance and HADCO would cease having a Public Housing Program. The property and housing is intended to remain as affordable housing through the Section 8 voucher program. HADCO does have long term plan to redevelop the various housing locations into more modern and suitable affordable housing. This will be completed in stages and with advance public comment opportunities to the residents. HADCO expects to receive approval for the conversion on or before April 2023. HADCO anticipates several families are eligible to remain in their existing dwelling unit and will apply their voucher to their current unit. HADCO will provide a relocation specialist to assist families with the transition to other units. The relocation specialist will assist families who wish to move with finding suitable housing within Douglas County, OR or transferring to a unit within the portfolio. HADCO will assist with reasonable moving costs for those families who choose or are required to relocate to another home within Douglas County. HADCO expects the transition to take approximately one year due the number of transfers that may need to happen. Please see SVC Application for further information.

Monitor FMR's closely and submit Utility Study to HUD if HUD's FMR's adversely affect Douglas County.

B.3 Progress Report.

Provide a description of the PHA's progress in meeting its Mission and Goals described in the PHA 5-Year Plan.

Goal 1	Expand the supply of assisted housing;
Objective:	Apply for additional rental vouchers
Progress:	HADCO will continue to apply for vouchers when available.
Goal 2	Increase assisted housing choices.
Objective:	Provide voucher mobility counseling and conduct outreach to potential landlords
Progress:	Continue to provide information at briefings & in briefing packet/family handbook
Objective:	Provide education and resource referral regarding housing opportunities
Progress:	Ready to Rent Course has been implemented with great success and continued interest. HADCO's CSC Coordinator and staff continue to network with clients and Landlords to provide housing guidance.
Goal 3	Promote self-sufficiency and asset development of assisted households.
Objective:	Provide or attract supportive services to improve assistance recipients' employability.
Progress:	HADCO staffs a CSC Coordinator. This individual provides support in providing housing referrals to tenants and participants.

	<p>Goal 4 Affirmatively furthering fair housing Objective: Ensure equal opportunity and affirmatively further fair housing. Progress: Undertake affirmative measures to ensure access to assisted housing regardless of race, color, religion national origin, sex, familial status, and disability.</p> <p>Goal 5 Expand the supply of project based assisted housing; Objective: Apply for project based rental vouchers. Progress: HADCO will continue to apply for vouchers when available.</p> <p>Goal 6 Project base Section 8 Family Choice Vouchers to the Blueridge Apartments Objective: Provide additional housing subsidy to applicants on the waitlist at Blueridge that are unable to afford the rent without assistance. Progress: HADCO needs to complete the RFP and HUD application for this assignment.</p>
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B.4.	Capital Improvements. Include a reference here to the most recent HUD-approved 5-Year Action Plan in EPIC and the date that it was approved. 2024-2028 Approved on 3-28-2024.
B.5	<p>Most Recent Fiscal Year Audit.</p> <p>(a) Were there any findings in the most recent FY Audit?</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N</p> <p>(b) If yes, please describe:</p>

C.1	<p>Other Document and/or Certification Requirements.</p> <p>Resident Advisory Board (RAB) Comments.</p> <p>(a) Did the RAB(s) have comments to the PHA Plan?</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N HADCO agreed with the RAB comments and would notify participants of current available home ownership vouchers and how to obtain. HADCO would also continue to monitor FMR's and challenge if necessary, remind participants of HADCO resources and opportunities and work on development plans.</p> <p>(b) If yes, comments must be submitted by the PHA as an attachment to the PHA Plan. PHAs must also include a narrative describing their analysis of the RAB recommendations and the decisions made on these recommendations.</p>
C.2	<p>Certification by State or Local Officials.</p> <p><u>Form HUD-50077-SL, Certification by State or Local Officials of PHA Plans Consistency with the Consolidated Plan,</u> must be submitted by the PHA as an electronic attachment to the PHA Plan.</p>
C.3	<p>Civil Rights Certification/Certification Listing Policies and Programs that the PHA has Revised since Submission of its Last Annual Plan.</p> <p><u>Form 50077-ST-HCV-HP, PHA Certifications of Compliance with PHA Plan, Civil Rights, and Related Laws and Regulations Including PHA Plan Elements that Have Changed</u> must be submitted by the PHA as an electronic attachment to the PHA Plan.</p>
C.4	

Challenged Elements. If any element of the PHA Plan is challenged, a PHA must include such information as an attachment with a description of any challenges to Plan elements, the source of the challenge, and the PHA's response to the public.

(a) Did the public challenge any elements of the Plan?

Y N

If yes, include Challenged Elements.

D. Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing (AFFH).

D.1 Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing.

Provide a statement of the PHA's strategies and actions to achieve fair housing goals outlined in an accepted Assessment of Fair Housing (AFH) consistent with 24 CFR § 5.154(d)(5). Use the chart provided below. (PHAs should add as many goals as necessary to overcome fair housing issues and contributing factors.) Until such time as the PHA is required to submit an AFH, the PHA is not obligated to complete this chart. The PHA will fulfill, nevertheless, the requirements at 24 CFR § 903.7(o) enacted prior to August 17, 2015. See Instructions for further detail on completing this item.

Fair Housing Goal:

Describe fair housing strategies and actions to achieve the goal

Impediment: There is an inadequate supply of affordable housing.

Renters and homeowners are cost burdened by their housing. Renters have a combination of factors including a shortage of subsidized housing and inadequate income. Homeowners have going maintenance and preventive maintenance, taxes and interest rates.

Strategy: Continue to aggressively pursue opportunities to apply for additional rental vouchers. Continue to work with governmental and community partners to identify housing needs. Identify job creation opportunities and other program that provide income support.

HADCO continues to pursue the additions of affordable housing through this strategy. Currently HADCO partners with several community partners to offer programs for the community.

HADCO, to assist "at risk" populations administer in its Section 8 Voucher Program a preference voucher, Veteran Administration Supported Housing (VASH) Vouchers. Homeless vets who have a severe psychiatric or substance abuse disorder who agree to participate in clinical programs offered by the VA qualify for this voucher. Currently HADCO administers 111 VASH Vouchers.

Fair Housing Goal:

Describe fair housing strategies and actions to achieve the goal

Impediment: There is a limited awareness of fair housing policies in the Douglas County area.

There will consistently be a need to increase the level of knowledge in the community regarding fair housing rights due to the growth of protected class populations in the Douglas County area.

Strategy: Increase fair housing education and expand outreach to protected classes.

More fair housing education and resources in the community will increase awareness. This strategy includes providing information that will target landlords, protected classes, involve agencies that serve these protected classes and encourage greater citizen participation through better education and advertising. The following are examples that would aid in this education effort:

- Provide educational materials to all landlords through the Section 8 Voucher Program.
- Supply community education materials to protected class organizations.
- Promote fair housing policies and resources through public service announcements.
- Supply bilingual and alternative format fair housing materials where there is a higher concentration of protected classes.
- Supply protected class service organizations with fair housing information to distribute to protected classes.
- Attend local landlord/property managers meeting to educate on fair housing rights.

HADCO continues to make its applicants, residents and participants of its various housing programs aware of their fair housing rights through explanations and fair housing materials at various intake interview, briefings and annual recertification's. Protected classes are also made aware of fair housing policies in HADCO's administrative office as well as various housing complexes using Fair Housing logo on signage. HADCO assists in the education of Section 8 landlords about Fair Housing obligations through participation in the landlord organization ROADAC. HADCO also refers members of protected classes to resources such as Fair Housing Council of Oregon, Oregon Bureau of Labor and Industries and Douglas County Legal Aid and Advocacy Center.

HADCO has made a strong commitment to promoting Fair Housing rights and Fair Housing choice. The following is a list of actions taken by HADCO to provide this information:

- Fair Housing logo (equal Housing Opportunity) is prominently displayed on location signs at HADCO's administrative office and various housing complexes.
- Fair Housing logo is prominently displayed on signs at various locations announcing the availability of low-income rental units.
- Fair Housing logo is prominently displayed on website. Hadco.com
- Fair Housing logo is on letterhead and business cards.
- HADCO's Policy of Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Disability/Handicap Status is prominently displayed in the lobbies of the administrative office and in public areas at its various housing complexes.

- HUD form 928.1 "We do Business in Accordance with the Federal Fair Housing Law" is prominently displayed in English and in Spanish in HADCO's administrative office and in public areas at its various housing complexes.
- HUD form 1686 FHEO "Fair Housing – It's Your Right" pamphlet is available in administrative office and is included in the Section 8 briefing packets.
- HUD form 903.1 "Are You a Victim of Housing Discrimination?" pamphlet is available in the administrative office and is included in the Section 8 briefing packet.
- HUD form 593 "A Good Place to Live" pamphlet is available in the administrative office and is included in the Section 8 briefing packet.
- "Filing a Housing Discrimination Complaint" pamphlet is available in the administrative office, in public areas at its various housing complexes, in Section 8 briefing packets and Public Housing lease up packet.
- HADCO has a long-standing Policy on Reasonable Accommodation which is recognized in the Pacific Northwest among Public Housing Authorities and by the regional HUD office as being comprehensive, well-written and well-implemented.
- Policy on Reasonable Accommodation is prominently displayed in HADCO's administrative office and in public areas of its various housing complexes.
- Applicants, Residents and Participants of housing assistance received from HADCO are advised of their right to request a reasonable accommodation to their disability. Information is provided on pre-application, Public Housing lease agreement, notices of eviction, discussed during Section 8 briefings and during other discussions with applicants, residents and participants when inquiries are made about accommodating disabilities.

Fair Housing Goal:

Describe fair housing strategies and actions to achieve the goal

Impediment: There are cultural differences and language barriers which inhibit access to fair housing.

Cultural differences and language barriers are impediments to fair housing. Even though language itself is not a protected class, it parallels with national origin, ethnicity, and or race in housing discrimination. As various minority populations continue to grow and become a more significant percentage of the community, increasing cultural difference and language barriers become impediments to Fair Housing. Additionally, larger households with low incomes are challenged to find suitable affordable housing. In some cultures, it is not uncommon for more than one family to live together.

Strategy: Strengthen communication with organizations that provide services to racial and ethnic minority populations. Cultural and language barriers in this community may be most evident in the Latino population. Asian and African-American may face discrimination based on ethnicity, race or their national origin. Communicating with organizations that advocate for protected classes provides staff with a valuable network with the community to help eliminate fair housing violations. HADCO continues to ensure the administrative office, Public Housing, and Section 8 Voucher Program is staffed with bilingual staff.

Fair Housing Goal:

Impediment: Internet have become vital to access housing opportunities and subsidy programs. Providing a barrier for those without computer access at home.

Strategy: Douglas County provides free internet access at their local libraries throughout the county. HADCO is providing computers to residents to be located at the administrative office and HADCO's other various housing sites.

Impediment: Briefed Applicants with a Section 8 Family Choice Voucher who have poor rental history or lack of rental history.

Briefed applicants with a Section 8 Family Choice Voucher who have poor rental history or lack of rental history commonly see their rental applications denied resulting in their vouchers expiring before receiving needed rental assistance.

Strategy: Increase rental lease up rate through an innovative education program provided through Second Chance Renters and First Time Renter Classes. These classes will provide essential tools to assist our residents in Douglas County succeed in obtaining affordable housing.

HADCO has trained instructors to provide a "Ready to Rent" class to individuals who have poor rental history or lack of rental history. HADCO will promote these classes through our community partners, HADCO's housing programs, advertisement through radio, newspapers, flyers distributed by landlord association, flyers posted in administrative office and periodic newsletters.

Instructions for Preparation of Form HUD-50075-HP Annual Plan for High Performing PHAs

A. PHA Information. All PHAs must complete this section. (24 CFR §903.4)

A.1 Include the full PHA Name, PHA Code, PHA Type, PHA Fiscal Year Beginning (MM/YYYY), PHA Inventory, Number of Public Housing Units and or Housing Choice Vouchers (HCVs), PHA Plan Submission Type, and the Availability of Information, specific location(s) of all information relevant to the public hearing and proposed PHA Plan. (24 CFR §903.23(4)(e))

PHA Consortia: Check box if submitting a Joint PHA Plan and complete the table. (24 CFR §943.128(a))

B. Plan Elements.

B.1 Revision of Existing PHA Plan Elements. PHAs must:

Identify specifically which plan elements listed below that have been revised by the PHA. To specify which elements have been revised, mark the "yes" box. If an element has not been revised, mark "no."

Statement of Housing Needs and Strategy for Addressing Housing Needs. Provide a statement addressing the housing needs of low-income, very low-income and extremely low-income families and a brief description of the PHA's strategy for addressing the housing needs of families who reside in the jurisdiction served by the PHA and other families who are on the public housing and Section 8 tenant-based assistance waiting lists. The statement must identify the housing needs of (i) families with incomes below 30 percent of area median income (extremely low-income); (ii) elderly families (iii) households with individuals with disabilities, and households of various races and ethnic groups residing in the jurisdiction or on the public housing and Section 8 tenant-based assistance waiting lists based on information provided by the applicable Consolidated Plan, information provided by HUD, and other

generally available data. The statement of housing needs shall be based on information provided by the applicable Consolidated Plan, information provided by HUD, and generally available data. The identification of housing needs must address issues of affordability, supply, quality, accessibility, size of units, and location. Once the PHA has submitted an Assessment of Fair Housing (AFH), which includes an assessment of disproportionate housing needs in accordance with 24 CFR §5.154(d)(2)(iv), information on households with individuals with disabilities and households of various races and ethnic groups residing in the jurisdiction or on the waiting lists no longer needs to be included in the Statement of Housing Needs and Strategy for Addressing Housing Needs. (24 CFR §903.7(a).

The identification of housing needs must address issues of affordability, supply, quality, accessibility, size of units, and location. (24 CFR §903.7(a)(2)(i)) Provide a description of the ways in which the PHA intends, to the maximum extent practicable, to address those housing needs in the upcoming year and the PHA's reasons for choosing its strategy. (24 CFR §903.7(a)(2)(ii))

- Deconcentration and Other Policies that Govern Eligibility, Selection and Admissions.** Describe the PHA's admissions policy for deconcentration of poverty and income mixing of lower-income families in public housing. The Deconcentration Policy must describe the PHA's policy for bringing higher income tenants into lower income developments and lower income tenants into higher income developments. The deconcentration requirements apply to general occupancy and family public housing developments. Refer to 24 CFR §903.2(b)(2) for developments not subject to deconcentration of poverty and income mixing requirements. (24 CFR §903.7(b)) Describe the PHA's procedures for maintaining waiting lists for admission to public housing and address any site-based waiting lists. (24 CFR §903.7(b)) A statement of the PHA's policies that govern resident or tenant eligibility, selection and admission including admission preferences for both public housing and HCV. (24 CFR §903.7(b)) Describe the unit assignment policies for public housing. (24 CFR §903.7(b))
- Financial Resources.** A statement of financial resources, including a listing by general categories, of the PHA's anticipated resources, such as PHA operating, capital and other anticipated Federal resources available to the PIA, as well as tenant rents and other income available to support public housing or tenant-based assistance. The statement also should include the non-Federal sources of funds supporting each Federal program, and state the planned use for the resources. (24 CFR §903.7(c))
- Rent Determination.** A statement of the policies of the PHA governing rents charged for public housing and HCV dwelling units, including applicable public housing flat rents, minimum rents, voucher family rent contributions, and payment standard policies. (24 CFR §903.7(d))
- Homeownership Programs.** A description of any homeownership programs (including project number and unit count) administered by the agency or for which the PHA has applied or will apply for approval. For years in which the PHA's 5-Year PIA Plan is also due, this information must be included only to the extent that the PHA participates in homeownership programs under section 8(y) of the 1937 Act. (24 CFR §903.7(k) and 24 CFR §903.12(b))
- Safety and Crime Prevention (VAWA).** A description of: 1) Any activities, services, or programs provided or offered by an agency, either directly or in partnership with other service providers, to child or adult victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking; 2) Any activities, services, or programs provided or offered by a PHA that helps child and adult victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, to obtain or maintain housing; and 3) Any activities, services, or programs provided or offered by a public housing agency to prevent domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking, or to enhance victim safety in assisted families. (24 CFR §903.7(m)(5))
- Pet Policy.** Describe the PHA's policies and requirements pertaining to the ownership of pets in public housing. (24 CFR §903.7(n))
- Substantial Deviation.** PHA must provide its criteria for determining a "substantial deviation" to its 5-Year Plan. (24 CFR §903.7(r)(2)(i))
- Significant Amendment/Modification.** PHA must provide its criteria for determining a "Significant Amendment or Modification" to its 5-Year and Annual Plan. For modifications resulting from the Rental Assistance Demonstration (RAD) program, refer to the 'Sample PHA Plan Amendment' found in Notice PIH-2012-32 REV-3, successor RAD Implementation Notices, or other RAD Notices.

If any boxes are marked "yes", describe the revision(s) to those element(s) in the space provided.

PHAs must submit a Deconcentration Policy for Field Office review. For additional guidance on what a PHA must do to deconcentrate poverty in its development and comply with fair housing requirements, see 24 CFR 903.2. (24 CFR §903.23(b))

B.2 New Activities. If the PHA intends to undertake any new activities related to these elements or discretionary policies in the current Fiscal Year, mark "yes" for those elements, and describe the activities to be undertaken in the space provided. If the PHA does not plan to undertake these activities, mark "no."

- HOPE VI.** 1) A description of any housing (including project name, number (if known) and unit count) for which the PHA will apply for HOPE VI; and 2) A timetable for the submission of applications or proposals. The application and approval process for HOPE VI is a separate process. See guidance on HUD's website at: https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/public_indian_housing/programs/ph/hope6. (Notice PIH 2011-47)
- Mixed Finance Modernization or Development.** 1) A description of any housing (including name, project number (if known) and unit count) for which the PHA will apply for Mixed Finance Modernization or Development; and 2) A timetable for the submission of applications or proposals. The application and approval process for Mixed Finance Modernization or Development is a separate process. See guidance on HUD's website at: https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/public_indian_housing/programs/ph/hope6/mfph#4
- Demolition and/or Disposition.** With respect to public housing only, describe any public housing development(s), or portion of a public housing development projects, owned by the PIA and subject to ACCs (including project number and unit numbers [or addresses]), and the number of affected units along with their sizes and accessibility features) for which the PIA will apply or is currently pending for demolition or disposition approval under section 18 of the 1937 Act (42 U.S.C. 1437p); and (2) A timetable for the demolition or disposition. This statement must be submitted to the extent that approved and/or pending demolition and/or disposition has changed as described in the PIA's last Annual and/or 5-Year PIA Plan submission. The application and approval process for demolition and/or disposition is a separate process. Approval of the PIA Plan does not constitute approval of these activities. See guidance on HUD's website at: http://www.hud.gov/offices/pih/centers/sac/demo_dispo/index.cfm. (24 CFR §903.7(h))
- Conversion of Public Housing under the Voluntary or Mandatory Conversion programs.** Describe any public housing building(s) (including project number and unit count) owned by the PHA that the PHA is required to convert or plans to voluntarily convert to tenant-based assistance; 2) An analysis of the projects or buildings required to be converted; and 3) A statement of the amount of assistance received to be used for rental assistance or

other housing assistance in connection with such conversion. See guidance on HUD's website at:

<http://www.hud.gov/offices/pih/centers/sac/conversion.cfm>. (24 CFR §903.7(j))

Conversion of Public Housing under the Rental Assistance Demonstration (RAD) program. Describe any public housing building(s) (including project number and unit count) owned by the PHA that the PHA plans to voluntarily convert to Project-Based Assistance or Project-Based Vouchers under RAD. See additional guidance on HUD's website at: [Notice PIH 2012-32 REV-3, successor RAD Implementation Notices, and other RAD notices](#).

Project-Based Vouchers. Describe any plans to use HCVs for new project-based vouchers. (24 CFR §983.57(b)(1)) If using project-based vouchers, provide the projected number of project-based units and general locations and describe how project-basing would be consistent with the PHA Plan.

Units with Approved Vacancies for Modernization. The PHA must include a statement related to units with approved vacancies that are undergoing modernization in accordance with [24 CFR §990.145\(a\)\(1\)](#).

Other Capital Grant Programs (i.e., Capital Fund Community Facilities Grants or Emergency Safety and Security Grants).

B.3 Progress Report. For all Annual Plans following submission of the first Annual Plan, a PHA must include a brief statement of the PHA's progress in meeting the mission and goals described in the 5-Year PHA Plan. (24 CFR §903.7(r)(1))

B.4 Capital Improvements. PHAs that receive funding from the Capital Fund Program (CFP) must complete this section. (24 CFR §903.7(g)). To comply with this requirement, the PHA must reference the most recent HUD approved Capital Fund 5 Year Action Plan in EPIC and the date that it was approved. PHAs can reference the form by including the following language in the Capital Improvement section of the appropriate Annual or Streamlined PHA Plan Template: "See Capital Fund 5 Year Action Plan in EPIC approved by HUD on XX/XX/XXXX."

B.5 Most Recent Fiscal Year Audit. If the results of the most recent fiscal year audit for the PHA included any findings, mark "yes" and describe those findings in the space provided. (24 CFR §903.7(p))

C. Other Document and/or Certification Requirements

C.1 Resident Advisory Board (RAB) comments. If the RAB had comments on the annual plan, mark "yes," submit the comments as an attachment to the Plan and describe the analysis of the comments and the PHA's decision made on these recommendations. (24 CFR §903.13(c), 24 CFR §903.19)

C.2 Certification by State or Local Officials. Form HUD-50077-SL, *Certification by State or Local Officials of PHA Plans Consistency with the Consolidated Plan*, must be submitted by the PHA as an electronic attachment to the PHA Plan. (24 CFR §903.15). Note: A PHA may request to change its fiscal year to better coordinate its planning with planning done under the Consolidated Plan process by State or local officials as applicable.

C.3 Civil Rights Certification/ Certification Listing Policies and Programs that the PHA has Revised since Submission of its Last Annual Plan. Provide a certification that the following plan elements have been revised, provided to the RAB for comment before implementation, approved by the PHA board, and made available for review and inspection by the public. This requirement is satisfied by completing and submitting form HUD-50077 ST-HCV-HP, *PHA Certifications of Compliance with PHA Plan, Civil Rights, and Related Laws and Regulations Including PHA Plan Elements that Have Changed*. Form HUD-50077-ST-HCV-HP, *PHA Certifications of Compliance with PHA Plan, Civil Rights, and Related Laws and Regulations Including PHA Plan Elements that Have Changed* must be submitted by the PHA as an electronic attachment to the PHA Plan. This includes all certifications relating to Civil Rights and related regulations. A PHA will be considered in compliance with the certification requirement to affirmatively further fair housing if the PHA fulfills the requirements of §§ 903.7(o)(1) and 903.15(d) and: (i) examines its programs or proposed programs; (ii) identifies any fair housing issues and contributing factors within those programs, in accordance with 24 CFR 5.154; or 24 CFR 5.160(a)(3) as applicable (iii) specifies actions and strategies designed to address contributing factors, related fair housing issues, and goals in the applicable Assessment of Fair Housing consistent with 24 CFR 5.154 in a reasonable manner in view of the resources available; (iv) works with jurisdictions to implement any of the jurisdiction's initiatives to affirmatively further fair housing that require the PHA's involvement; (v) operates programs in a manner consistent with any applicable consolidated plan under 24 CFR part 91, and with any order or agreement, to comply with the authorities specified in paragraph (o)(1) of this section; (vi) complies with any contribution or consultation requirement with respect to any applicable AFH, in accordance with 24 CFR 5.150 through 5.180; (vii) maintains records reflecting these analyses, actions, and the results of these actions; and (viii) takes steps acceptable to HUD to remedy known fair housing or civil rights violations. impediments to fair housing choice within those programs; addresses those impediments in a reasonable fashion in view of the resources available; works with the local jurisdiction to implement any of the jurisdiction's initiatives to affirmatively further fair housing; and assures that the annual plan is consistent with any applicable Consolidated Plan for its jurisdiction. (24 CFR §903.7(o)).

C.4 Challenged Elements. If any element of the Annual PHA Plan or 5-Year PHA Plan is challenged, a PHA must include such information as an attachment to the Annual PHA Plan or 5-Year PHA Plan with a description of any challenges to Plan elements, the source of the challenge, and the PHA's response to the public.

D. Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing.

D.1 Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing.

The PHA will use the answer blocks in item D.1 to provide a statement of its strategies and actions to implement each fair housing goal outlined in its accepted Assessment of Fair Housing (AFH) consistent with 24 CFR § 5.154(d)(5) that states, in relevant part: "To implement goals and priorities in an AFH, strategies and actions shall be included in program participants' ... PHA Plans (including any plans incorporated therein) Strategies and actions must affirmatively further fair housing" Use the chart provided to specify each fair housing goal from the PHA's AFH for which the PHA is the responsible program participant – whether the AFH was prepared solely by the PHA, jointly with one or more other PHAs, or in collaboration with a state or local jurisdiction – and specify the fair housing strategies and actions to be implemented by the PHA during the period covered by this PHA Plan. If there are more than three fair housing goals, add answer blocks as necessary.

Until such time as the PHA is required to submit an AFH, the PHA will not have to complete section D., nevertheless , the PHA will address its obligation to affirmatively further fair housing by fulfilling the requirements at 24 CFR 903.7(o)(3) enacted prior to August 17, 2015, which means that it examines its own programs or proposed programs; identifies any impediments to fair housing choice within those programs; addresses those impediments in a reasonable fashion in

view of the resources available; works with local jurisdictions to implement any of the jurisdiction's initiatives to affirmatively further fair housing that require the PHA's involvement; and maintain records reflecting these analyses and actions. Furthermore, under Section 5A(d)(15) of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937, as amended, a PHA must submit a civil rights certification with its Annual PHA Plan, which is described at 24 CFR 903.7(o)(1) except for qualified PHAs who submit the Form HUD-50077-CR as a standalone document.

This information collection is authorized by Section 511 of the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act, which added a new section 5A to the U.S. Housing Act of 1937, as amended, which introduced the 5-Year and Annual PHA Plan. The 5-Year and Annual PHA Plans provide a ready source for interested parties to locate basic PHA policies, rules, and requirements concerning the PHA's operations, programs, and services, and informs HUD, families served by the PHA, and members of the public of the PHA's mission, goals and objectives for serving the needs of low- income, very low- income, and extremely low- income families.

Public reporting burden for this information collection is estimated to average 7.02 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. HUD may not collect this information, and respondents are not required to complete this form, unless it displays a currently valid OMB Control Number.

Privacy Act Notice. The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development is authorized to solicit the information requested in this form by virtue of Title 12, U.S. Code, Section 1701 et seq., and regulations promulgated thereunder at Title 12, Code of Federal Regulations. Responses to the collection of information are required to obtain a benefit or to retain a benefit. The information requested does not lend itself to confidentiality.

DEFINITION OF “SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATION” AND “SIGNIFICANT AMENDMENT OR MODIFICATION”

In accordance with HUD regulations in 24 CFR 903.7 and 24 CFR 905.3, HADCO has defined below the basic criteria that will be used for determining substantial deviation from its five year plan; significant amendment or modification to the 5 year and Annual Plan; and significant amendment or modification to the Capital Fund Program 5 year Action Plan. Prior to implementing changes that meet such criteria, HADCO will submit for HUD approval, a revised Plan(s) that meets full public process requirements including Resident Advisory Board review and consultation.

HADCO’s criteria as defined below, is applicable to all CFP components including Capital Fund grants; Replacement Housing Factor (RHF) grants; Disaster grants; Capital Fund Financing Program (CFFP) allocations; as well as any new or future formula components such as Demolition and Disposition Transitional Funding (DDTF).

Criteria for defining “Substantial Deviation” from the 5-year plan:

- A major change in the direction of HADCO pertaining to its mission and goals would constitute a “substantial deviation” from the agency’s 5-year plan.
- Examples include undertaking new program activities, development strategies or financing initiatives that do not otherwise further HADCO’s stated mission and goals as articulated in the 5- year plan

Criteria for defining “Significant Amendment or Modification” to the 5 year and Annual Plan

- Changes to rent, admission policies, or organizational of the waiting list(s) in the Public Housing Program that will impact more than 10% of applicants and/or households assisted under the program.
- Changes to rent, admission policies, or organizational of the waiting list(s) in the Housing Choice Voucher Program that will impact more than 10% of applicants and/or households assisted under the program.
- Substantial changes to demolition, disposition, designated housing, homeownership, or conversion activities identified in the current HUD-approved Annual or 5-year Plans.

Criteria for defining “Significant Amendment or Modification to the Capital Fund Program (CFP) 5-year Action Plan

- Proposed demolition, disposition, homeownership, Capital Fund financing, development, or mixed finance proposals will be considered significant amendments to the CFP 5-year Action Plan.
- Additions of non-emergency work items not included in the current CFP Annual Statement of CFP 5- Year Action Plan that exceeds \$20,000.

Exceptions

- Changes under the above definitions that are required due to HUD regulations, federal statutes, state or local laws/ordinances or as a result of a declared national or local emergency will not be considered substantial deviation or significant amendment/modification.
- Changes under the above definitions which are funded by source other than federal funds will not require Plan amendment or modification.

Annual PHA Plan

The Housing Authority of Douglas County, Oregon (HADCO) OR003

Response to Office of Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity for 2025-2029.

HADCO continues to adhere to the principals of affirmative marketing. HADCO conducts in house audits within the PHA's programs to ensure compliance, one being tenant selection policies. HADCO's annual third-party audits have shown program compliance as well.

HADCO has a long-established Limited English Proficiency Plan.

All HADCO staff receives annual fair housing training from the Fair Housing Council of Oregon.

HADCO attends Landlord Association of Douglas County meetings. The purpose is to market the S8 voucher program outside the areas of poverty/minority concentrations and to market the S8 voucher program to new landlords.

HADCO has an actively involved RAB. HADCO staff and the RAB reviewed Public Housing and Section 8 policies and procedures. The proposed changes were reviewed by the HADCO Board of Commissioners at the Public Hearing for the Plan. The HADCO Board response is included in the 2025 Plan.

NON-DISCRIMINATION POLICY

In compliance with federal and state law, this policy affirms the commitment of HADCO to protect people from discrimination. These laws protect HADCO those who apply for HADCO jobs, and those who receive or apply to receive housing or other services from HADCO. HADCO takes these laws seriously. HADCO will not unlawfully discriminate against anyone because of:

Race	National Origin	Color
Religion	Gender	Disability
Familial Status (having minor children)	Sexual orientation including gender identity	Marital Status
Source of Income	Domestic Violence Victims	

Reasonable Accommodation or Unit Modification for Disabled Persons or Tenants

HADCO will reasonably accommodate the needs of disabled persons. Any person who is disabled may ask HADCO for help performing HADCO jobs, applying for HADCO assistance, complying with HADCO lease, or using HADCO services. This help may modify a rule, alter job duties, change a HADCO apartment, or change how HADCO communicates. HADCO will try to accommodate these needs. To do that, HADCO must determine (i) that the person making the request is disabled, that the requested accommodation because of the disability, is necessary to allow the requestor to use and enjoy the program or premises; (iii) that the accommodation would not cause HADCO an undue burden or undue and would not require a fundamental change in the job functions or HADCO's program. A full copy of HADCO's Reasonable Accommodation policy and a request form are included as attachments to the lease. To ask for help, contact any HADCO staff.

No Retaliation

HADCO will not unlawfully retaliate against anyone for exercising their rights.

If You Need Help

If you think HADCO has broken any of the above laws, HADCO would like to hear from you. We encourage you to complete a complaint form at our office or contact us at:

Janeal Kohler
Executive Director
1000 W. Stanton Street
Roseburg, OR 97471
541-673-6548 ext 115
jkohler@hadcor.org

Attachment 13

Violence Against Women Act of 2005 (VAWA)

The Housing Authority of Douglas County provides information regarding VAWA to all participants and applicants of the Public Housing and Section 8 Programs. The Housing Authority networks with Battered Person's Advocacy, Roseburg Rescue Mission and Woman's Shelter.

**Certifications of Compliance with
PHA Plan and Related Regulations
(Standard, Troubled, HCV-Only, and
High Performer PHAs)**

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
Office of Public and Indian Housing
OMB No. 2577-0226
Expires 3/31/2024

**PHA Certifications of Compliance with PHA Plan, Civil Rights, and Related Laws and Regulations
including PHA Plan Elements that Have Changed**

Acting on behalf of the Board of Commissioners of the Public Housing Agency (PHA) listed below, as its Chairperson or other authorized PHA official if there is no Board of Commissioners, I approve the submission of the X 5-Year and/or Annual PHA Plan, hereinafter referred to as "the Plan", of which this document is a part, and make the following certification and agreements with the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) for the PHA fiscal year beginning 4/2025, in connection with the submission of the Plan and implementation thereof:

1. The Plan is consistent with the applicable comprehensive housing affordability strategy (or any plan incorporating such strategy) for the jurisdiction in which the PHA is located (24 CFR § 91.2).
2. The Plan contains a certification by the appropriate State or local officials that the Plan is consistent with the applicable Consolidated Plan, which includes a certification that requires the preparation of an Analysis of Impediments (AI) to Fair Housing Choice, or Assessment of Fair Housing (AFH) when applicable, for the PHA's jurisdiction and a description of the manner in which the PHA Plan is consistent with the applicable Consolidated Plan (24 CFR §§ 91.2, 91.225, 91.325, and 91.425).
3. The PHA has established a Resident Advisory Board or Boards, the membership of which represents the residents assisted by the PHA, consulted with this Resident Advisory Board or Boards in developing the Plan, including any changes or revisions to the policies and programs identified in the Plan before they were implemented, and considered the recommendations of the RAB (24 CFR 903.13). The PHA has included in the Plan submission a copy of the recommendations made by the Resident Advisory Board or Boards and a description of the manner in which the Plan addresses these recommendations.
4. The PHA provides assurance as part of this certification that:
 - (i) The Resident Advisory Board had an opportunity to review and comment on the changes to the policies and programs before implementation by the PHA;
 - (ii) The changes were duly approved by the PHA Board of Directors (or similar governing body); and
 - (iii) The revised policies and programs are available for review and inspection, at the principal office of the PHA during normal business hours.
5. The PHA made the proposed Plan and all information relevant to the public hearing available for public inspection at least 45 days before the hearing, published a notice that a hearing would be held and conducted a hearing to discuss the Plan and invited public comment.
6. The PHA certifies that it will carry out the public housing program of the agency in conformity with title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d-2000d-4), the Fair Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 3601-19), Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794), title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.), and other applicable civil rights requirements and that it will affirmatively further fair housing in the administration of the program. In addition, if it administers a Housing Choice Voucher Program, the PHA certifies that it will administer the program in conformity with the Fair Housing Act, title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act, and other applicable civil rights requirements, and that it will affirmatively further fair housing in the administration of the program.
7. The PHA will affirmatively further fair housing, which means that it will take meaningful actions to further the goals identified in the Assessment of Fair Housing (AFH) conducted in accordance with the requirements of 24 CFR § 5.150 through 5.180, that it will take no action that is materially inconsistent with its obligation to affirmatively further fair housing, and that it will address fair housing issues and contributing factors in its programs, in accordance with 24 CFR § 903.7(o)(3). The PHA will fulfill the requirements at 24 CFR § 903.7(o) and 24 CFR § 903.15(d). Until such time as the PHA is required to submit an AFH, the PHA will fulfill the requirements at 24 CFR § 903.7(o) promulgated prior to August 17, 2015, which means that it examines its programs or proposed programs; identifies any impediments to fair housing choice within those programs; addresses those impediments in a reasonable fashion in view of the resources available; works with local jurisdictions to implement any of the jurisdiction's initiatives to affirmatively further fair housing that require the PHA's involvement; and maintains records reflecting these analyses and actions.
8. For PHA Plans that include a policy for site-based waiting lists:
 - The PHA regularly submits required data to HUD's 50058 PIC/IMS Module in an accurate, complete and timely manner (as specified in PIH Notice 2011-65);

- The system of site-based waiting lists provides for full disclosure to each applicant in the selection of the development in which to reside, including basic information about available sites; and an estimate of the period of time the applicant would likely have to wait to be admitted to units of different sizes and types at each site;
- Adoption of a site-based waiting list would not violate any court order or settlement agreement or be inconsistent with a pending complaint brought by HUD;
- The PHA shall take reasonable measures to assure that such a waiting list is consistent with affirmatively furthering fair housing; and
- The PHA provides for review of its site-based waiting list policy to determine if it is consistent with civil rights laws and certifications, as specified in 24 CFR 903.7(o)(1).

9. The PHA will comply with the prohibitions against discrimination on the basis of age pursuant to the Age Discrimination Act of 1975.

10. In accordance with 24 CFR § 5.105(a)(2), HUD's Equal Access Rule, the PHA will not make a determination of eligibility for housing based on sexual orientation, gender identify, or marital status and will make no inquiries concerning the gender identification or sexual orientation of an applicant for or occupant of HUD-assisted housing.

11. The PHA will comply with the Architectural Barriers Act of 1968 and 24 CFR Part 41, Policies and Procedures for the Enforcement of Standards and Requirements for Accessibility by the Physically Handicapped.

12. The PHA will comply with the requirements of Section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968, Employment Opportunities for Low-or Very-Low Income Persons, and with its implementing regulation at 24 CFR Part 135.

13. The PHA will comply with acquisition and relocation requirements of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 and implementing regulations at 49 CFR Part 24 as applicable.

14. The PHA will take appropriate affirmative action to award contracts to minority and women's business enterprises under 24 CFR 5.105(a).

15. The PHA will provide the responsible entity or HUD any documentation that the responsible entity or HUD needs to carry out its review under the National Environmental Policy Act and other related authorities in accordance with 24 CFR Part 58 or Part 50, respectively.

16. With respect to public housing the PHA will comply with Davis-Bacon or HUD determined wage rate requirements under Section 12 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 and the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act.

17. The PHA will keep records in accordance with 2 CFR 200.333 and facilitate an effective audit to determine compliance with program requirements.

18. The PHA will comply with the Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act, the Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992, and 24 CFR Part 35.

19. The PHA will comply with the policies, guidelines, and requirements of 2 CFR Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Financial Assistance, including but not limited to submitting the assurances required under 24 CFR §§ 1.5, 3.115, 8.50, and 107.25 by submitting an SF-424, including the required assurances in SF-424B or D, as applicable.

20. The PHA will undertake only activities and programs covered by the Plan in a manner consistent with its Plan and will utilize covered grant funds only for activities that are approvable under the regulations and included in its Plan.

21. All attachments to the Plan have been and will continue to be available at all times and all locations that the PHA Plan is available for public inspection. All required supporting documents have been made available for public inspection along with the Plan and additional requirements at the primary business office of the PHA and at all other times and locations identified by the PHA in its PHA Plan and will continue to be made available at least at the primary business office of the PHA.

22. The PHA certifies that it is in compliance with applicable Federal statutory and regulatory requirements, including the Declaration of Trust(s).

The Housing Authority of Douglas County, OR
PHA Name

OR003
PHA Number/HA Code

Annual PHA Plan for Fiscal Year 20 25

X 5-Year PHA Plan for Fiscal Years 20 25 - 20 29

I hereby certify that all the information stated herein, as well as any information provided in the accompaniment herewith, is true and accurate. Warning: HUD will prosecute false claims and statements. Conviction may result in criminal and/or civil penalties. (18 U.S.C. 1001, 1010, 1012; 31 U.S.C. 3729, 3802).

Name of Executive Director	Name Board Chairman Jeff Coolcy		
Janeal Kohler		Signature	0/22/24
Signature 	8/22/24	Date	Date